



4D-REKF: A next-generation Relaxation FDDA for WRF-ARW

Yubao Liu

Linlin Pan, Yonghui Wu, Al Bourgeois,

Jason Knievel, [Tom Warner], Scott Swerdlin

National Center for Atmospheric Research

Scott Halvorson, John Pace and Frank Gallagher

Dugway Proving Ground, US Army



Outlines

- 1. A Brief Review: What is 4D-REKF?**
- 2. Formulation of 4D-REKF and Two “Flavors”**
- 3. Implementation Challenges**
- 4. Validation and Preliminary Results**
- 5. Summary**

Review: What is 4D-REKF (1)

analysis

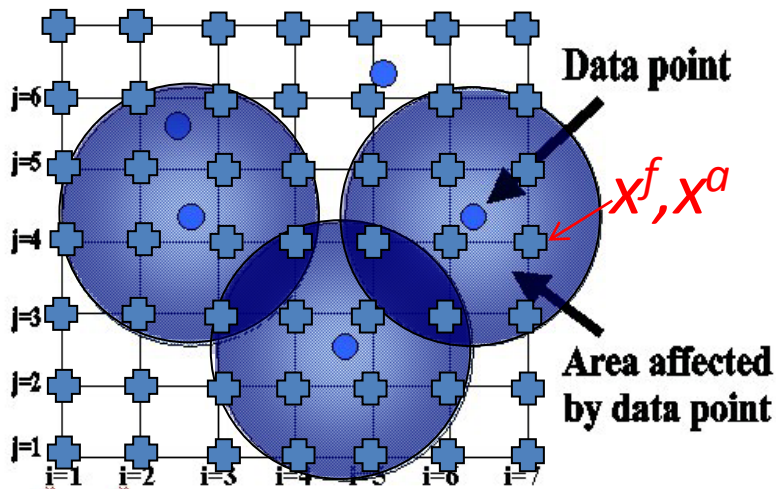
1st guess

obs

Pseudo-obs

3DDA

$$x_i^a = x_i^f + K \left((y_i^{obs} - H(x_i^f)) \right), i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$



OA: K- simple distance functions;
Isotropic weight with ad-hoc
adjustments

EnKF: K_e -ensemble statistical P^f and
empirical O ; Anisotropic weight

$$K = K_e = P^f H^T (H P^f H^T + O)^{-1}$$

(~200 papers in the last 10 years)

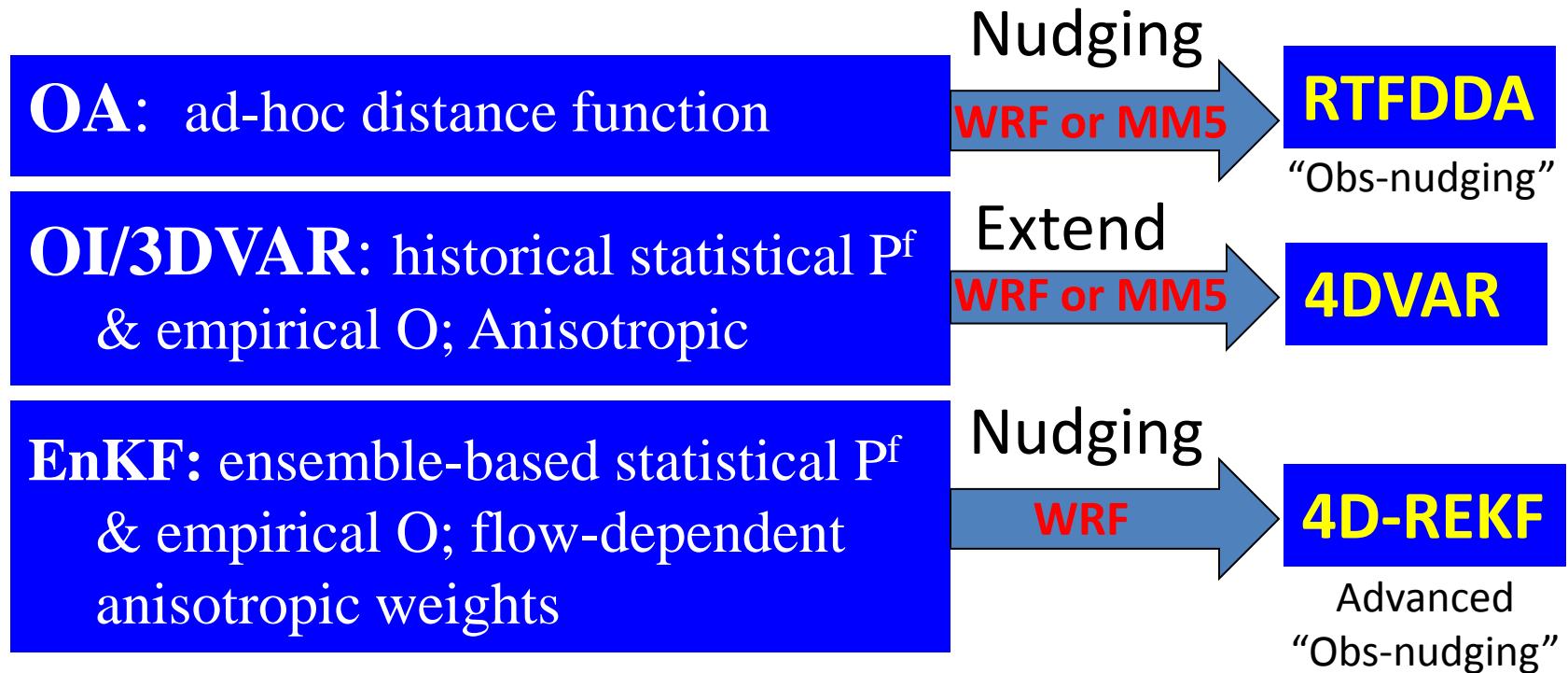


Review: What is 4D-REKF (2)



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From 3DDA to 4DDA



**4D-REKF: 4-Dimensional Relaxation
Ensemble Kalman Filter**



Review: What is 4D-REKF (3)



4D-REKF: Next-Generation “obs-nudging FDDA” **It is a paradigm of seamless EPS and EDA**

1. Replaces the “obs-nudging” FDDA empirical, Cressman-type, data weight functions with an advanced “flow-dependent” weight functions computed from ensemble forecasts (“Kalman gains”).
2. Combines the advantage of both “obs-nudging” and EnKF technologies.
3. When completed, all data, direct (i.e. U, V, T, and Qv) and indirect (e.g. radar radial winds and reflectivity, satellite radiance ...) can be assimilated.

RTFDFA

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial t} = F(X, x, y, \sigma, t) + G_{\alpha} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N W_{xy,i}^2 W_{\sigma,i}^2 W_{t,i}^2 \cdot W_{qc,i}^2 \cdot (y_i^{obs} - HX)}{\sum_{i=1}^N W_{xy,i} W_{\sigma,i} W_{t,i} W_{qc,i}}$$

Cressman Weight

$$W_{xy} = \frac{R^2 - d^2}{R^2 + d^2}$$

Nudging coefficient

E-RTFDFA Ensemble Kalman Gain

$$W_{xy,j} = K_e = P^f H^T (H P^f H^T + O)^{-1}$$

4D-REKF

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial t} = F(X, x, y, \sigma, t) + G_{\alpha} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N W_{xy,i} W_{\sigma,i}^2 W_{t,i}^2 W_{qc,i}^2 \cdot (y_i^{obs} - HX)}{\sum_{i=1}^N W_{\sigma,i} W_{t,i} W_{qc,i}}$$

Related

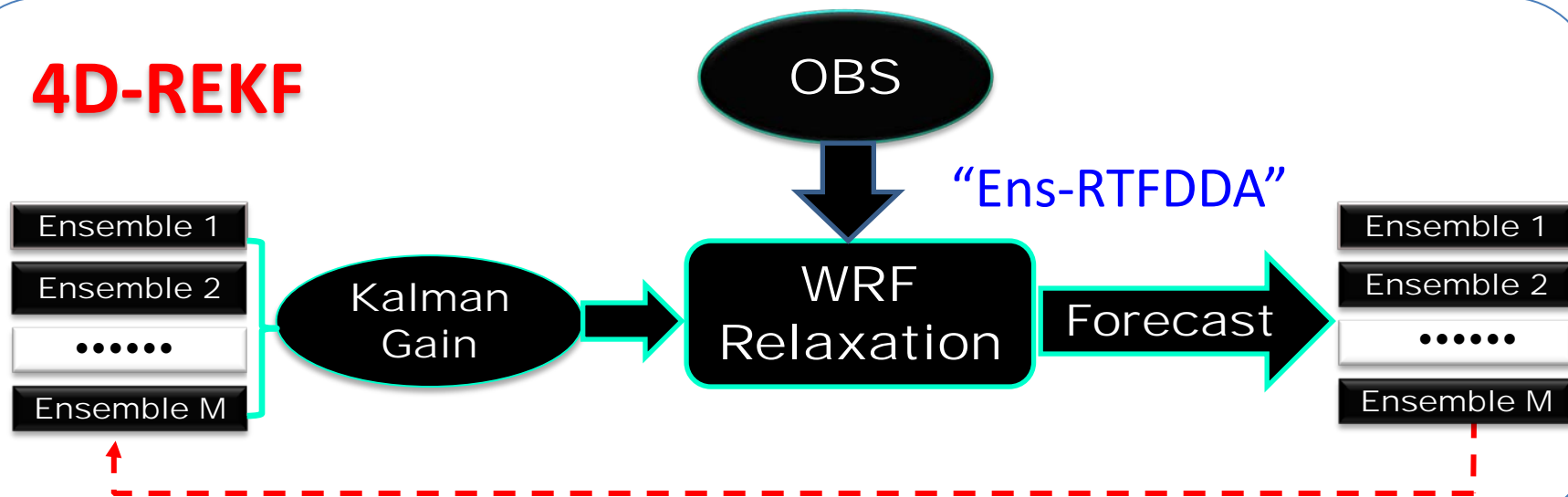
Research

Lei, Stauffer et al. (2010): 3th EDA workshop; (2011) IOAS-AOLS

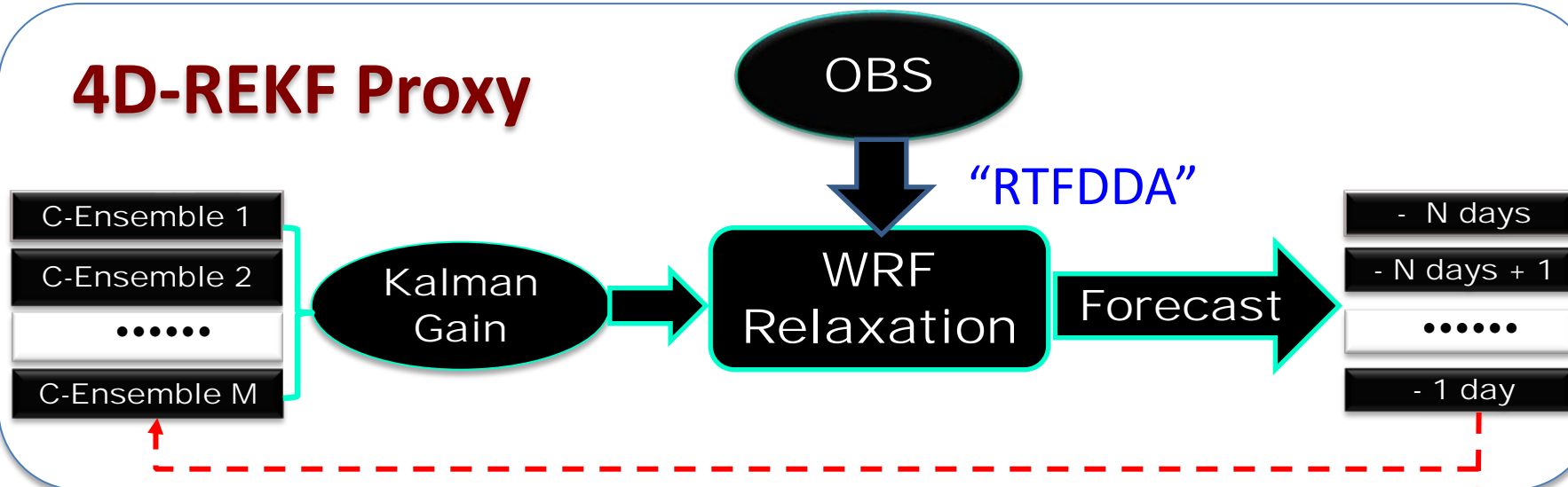
Liu et al. (2009) WRF users workshop; 19th NWP; (2011) IOAS-AOLS

Pan et al., (2010), 3rd EDA workshop; WRF 11th users workshop; (2011) IOAS-AOLS

4D-REKF



4D-REKF Proxy





Implementation Challenges



- **Code changes into the WRF architecture**

Unlike the traditional EnKF which acts on model output, 4D-REKF acts on WRF. 4D-REKF needs modify the WRF code.

- **Spatial and temporal interpolation of gain matrices**

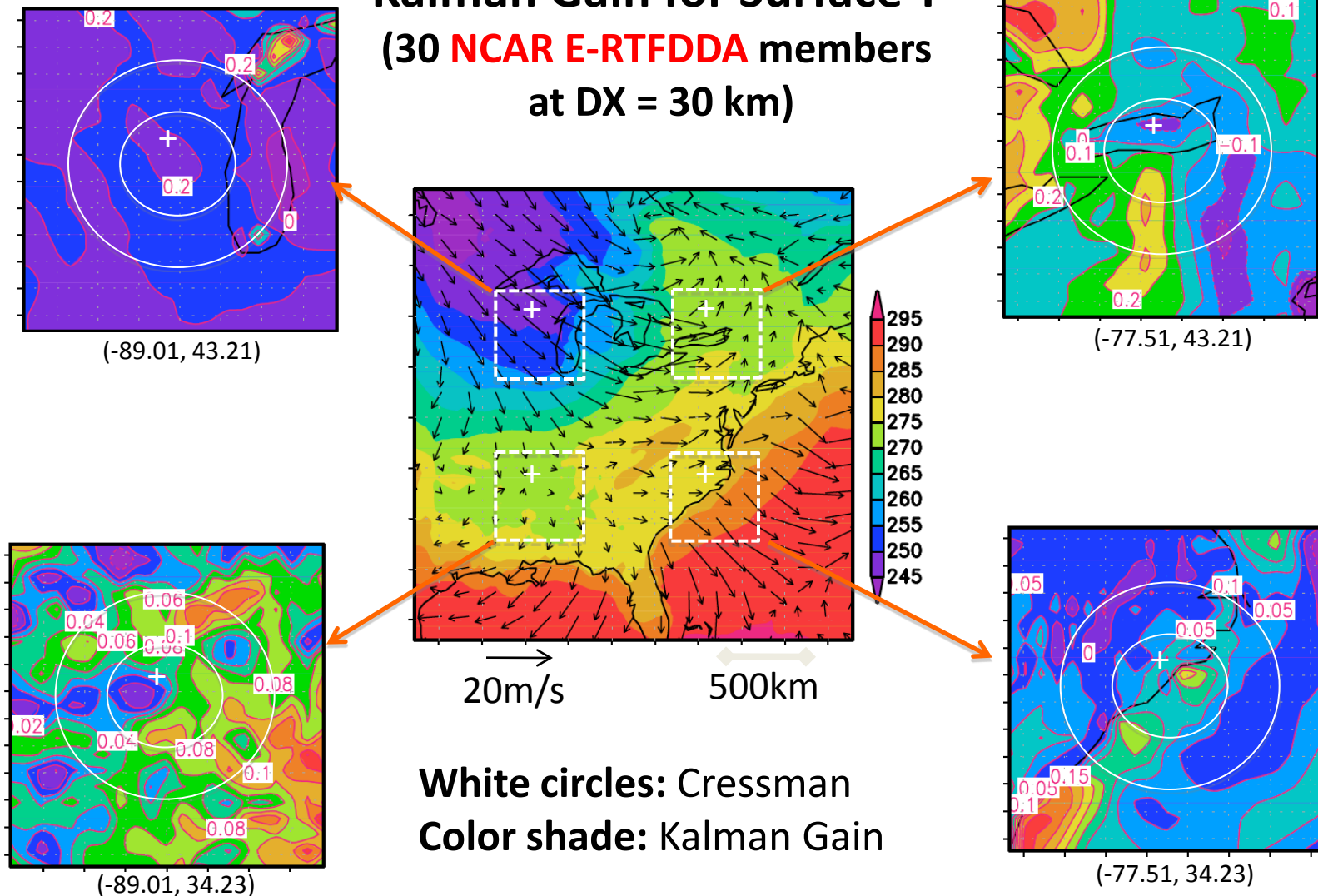
Like RTFDDA, 4D-REKF assimilates each observation with spatiotemporal weight functions centered at the measuring time and location. Spatial and temporal interpolation of the gain matrices is required to make the problem tractable.

- **Many issues and algorithms in Ensemble DA family apply**

Model errors (e.g. bias); covariance localization; observation errors and error covariance specification, ...

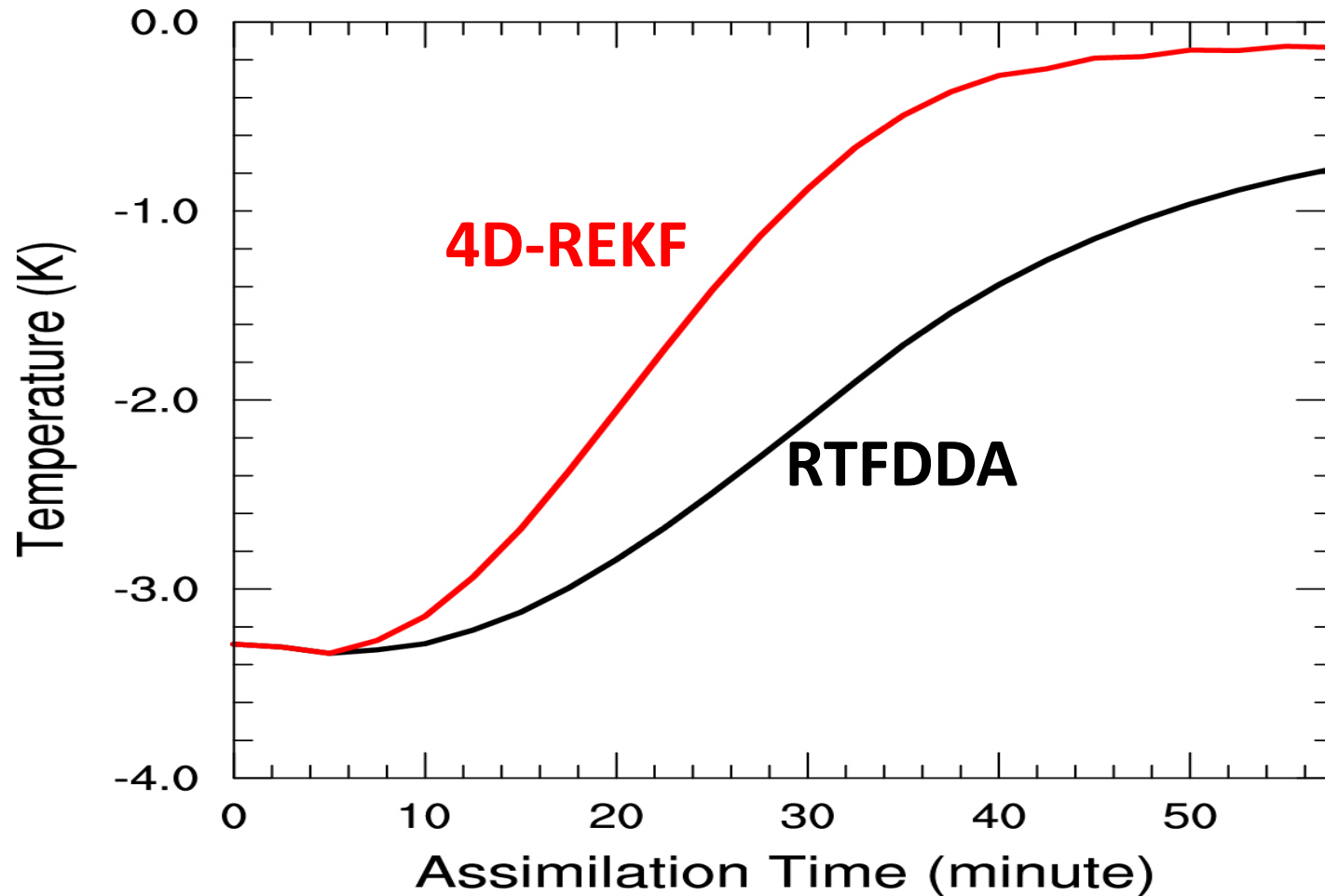
Validation Experiments (1)

Kalman Gain for Surface T
(30 **NCAR E-RTFDDA** members
at DX = 30 km)





Validation Experiments (2)



OSSE - CAD



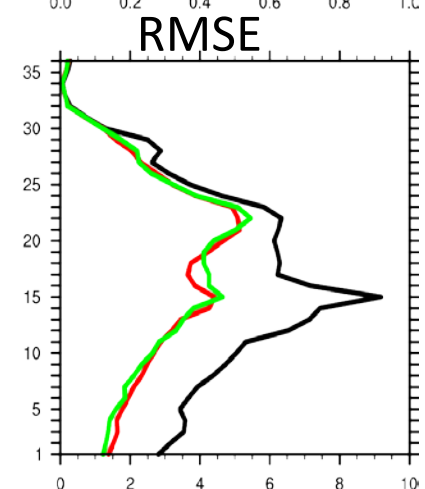
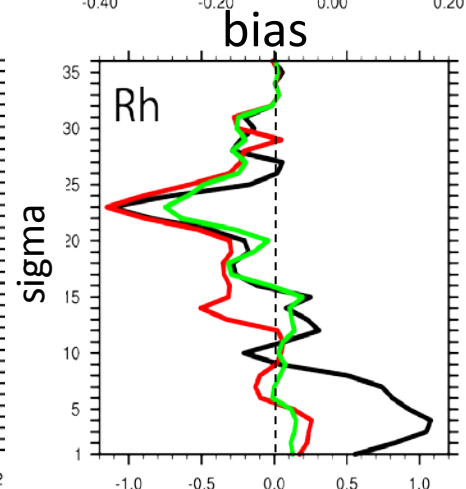
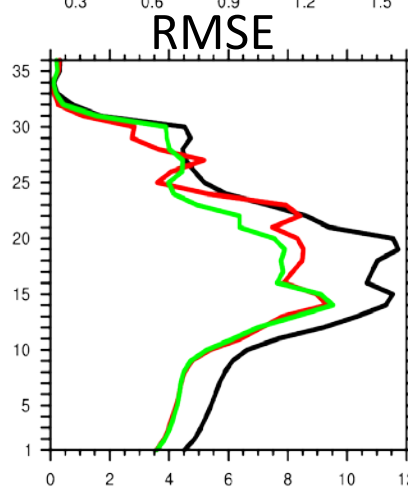
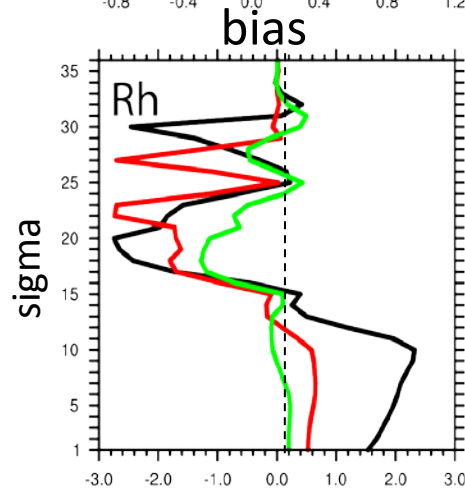
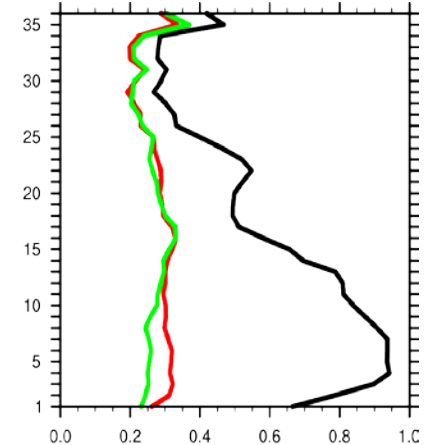
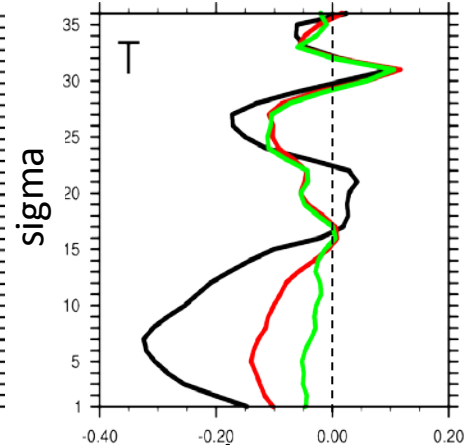
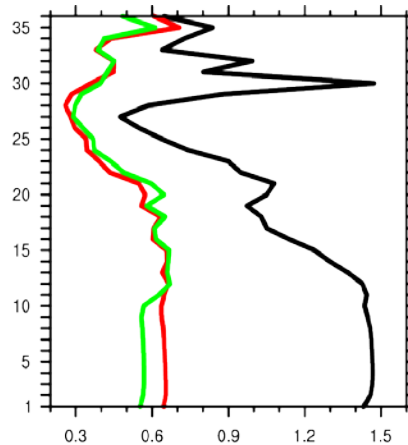
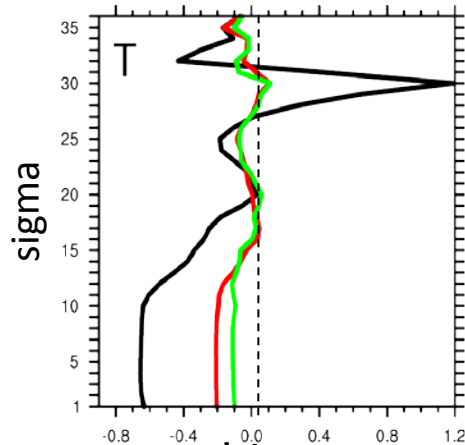
Validation Experiments (3)



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Analysis (2h DA)

12h Forecasts (after 6h DA)



Black: NoDA Red: RTFD DA Green: 4D-REKF

OSSE - CAD



EXPs with Real-Case-Real-Data



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Surface Verification

NoDa : no data assimilation

RTFDDA: old nudging
scheme

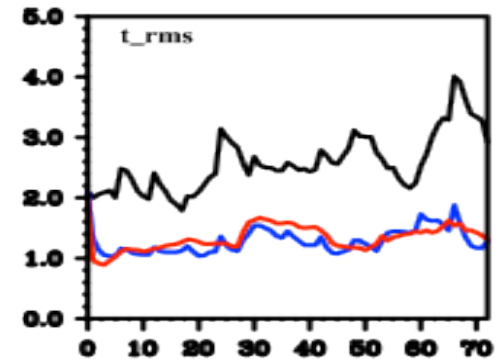
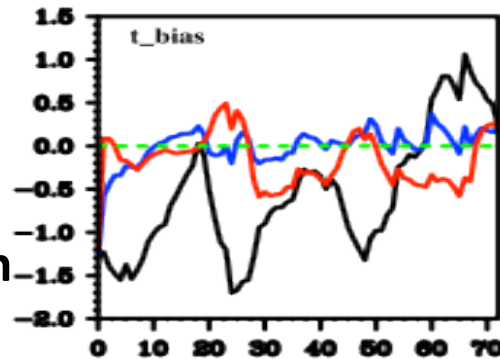
4D-REKF: new nudging
scheme

Key Parameters:

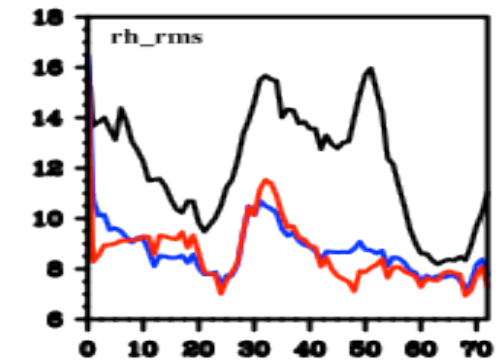
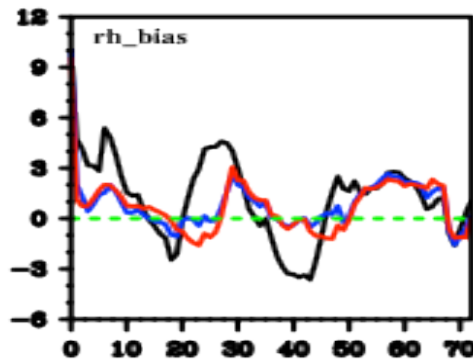
Rinxy=200km

Coef_u=2.5E-3

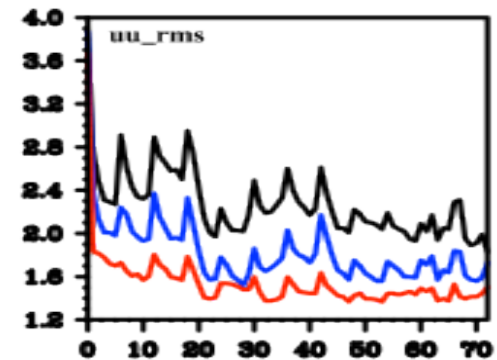
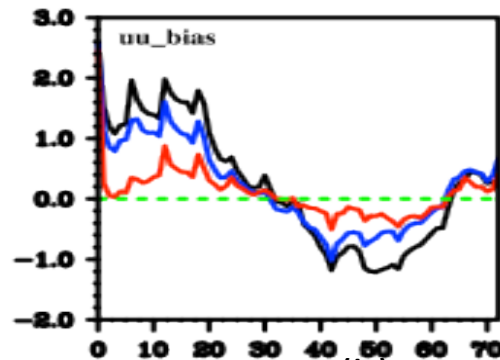
Period : 18Z Feb 10 —
18Z Feb 13, 2008



T



RH



U

Time (h)

Time (h)



EXPs with Real-Case-Real-Data



NCAR

Upper-air Verification

NoDa : no data assimilation

RTFDDA: old nudging
scheme

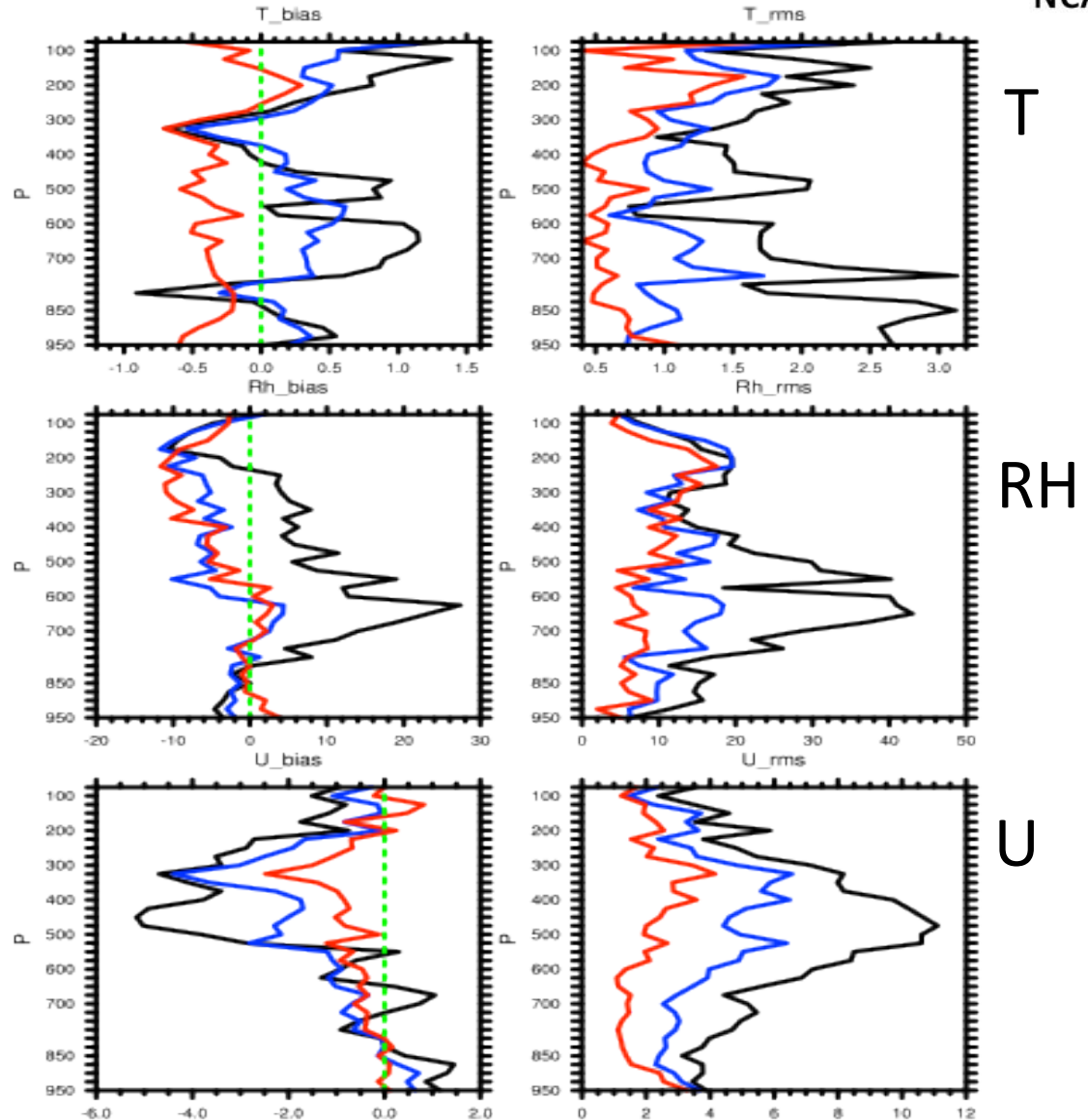
4D-REKF: new nudging
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Key Parameters:

Rinxy=200km

Coef_u=2.5E-3

Period : 18Z Feb 10 —
18Z Feb 13, 2008



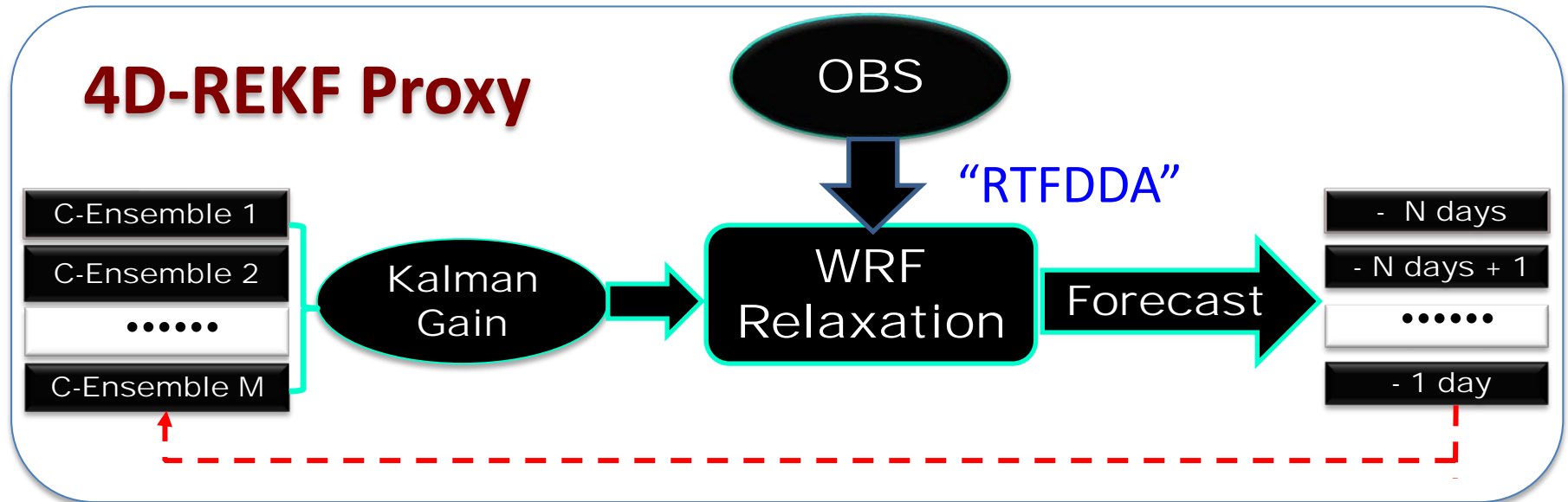
4D-REKF

$$\frac{\partial p^* X}{\partial t} = F(X, x, y, \sigma, t) + G_x \cdot P^* \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N W_{xy,i} W_{\sigma,i}^2 W_{t,i}^2 \cdot W_{qc,i} \cdot (Y_i^{obs} - H_i(X))}{\sum_{i=1}^N W_{\sigma} W_t}$$

$$W_{xy,i} = K = \tilde{X}^f (\tilde{Y}^f)^T [\tilde{Y}^f (\tilde{Y}^f)^T + O]^{-1}$$

- K: spatiotemporal interpolations
- G_x : relaxation strength (nudging coefficients)
- Influence radii (“K localization”)

Exps results: Wu et al. Poster 63



- Use “climo-” ensembles as a proxy to E-4DWX;
 - Take advantage of 4D-REKF without running ensemble;
- 4D-REKF Proxy results: Pan et al. Poster 66**



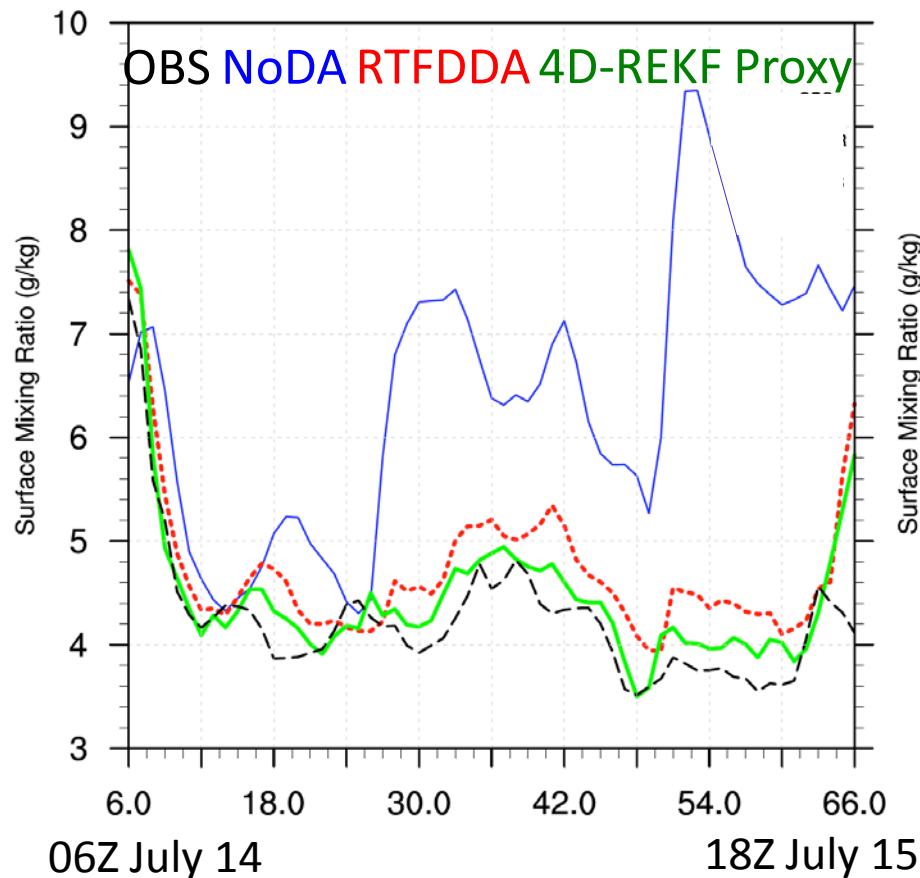
4D-REKF Proxy: DPG Real Case



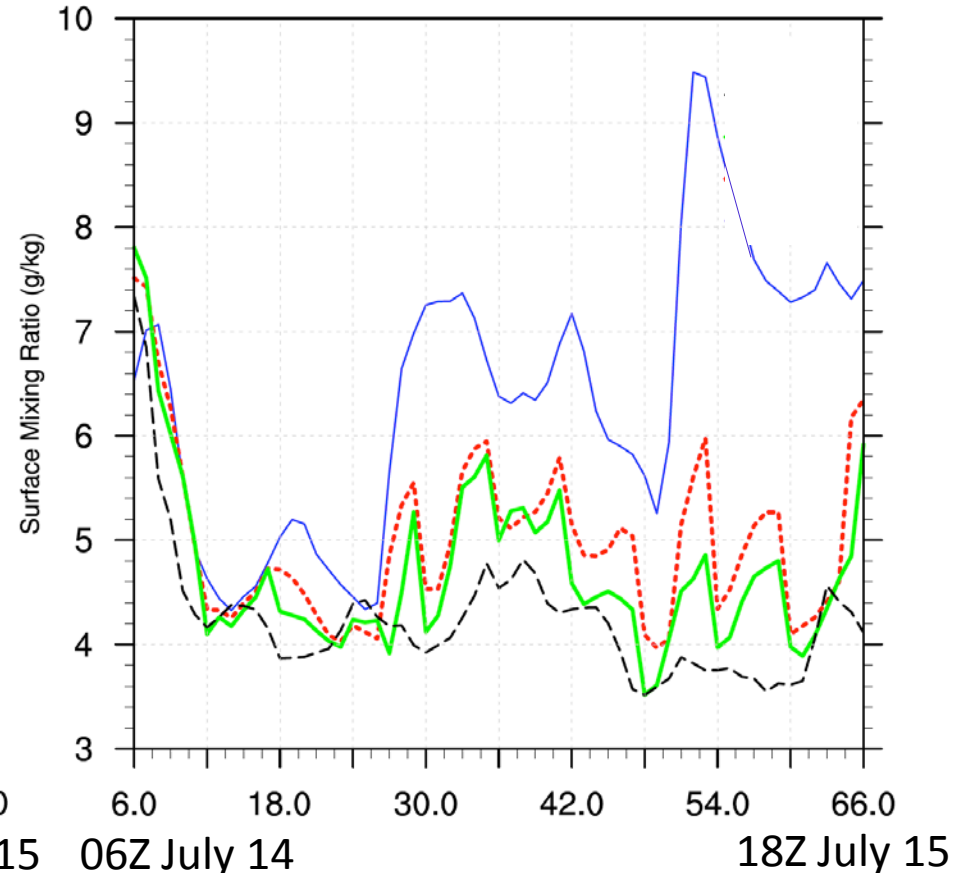
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DX=3.3km; 00Z July 14 to 18Z July 15, 2010. Cycles: 6 hourly
Weak forcing, local circulations

Final Analysis



0 – 6 h forecasts





Strengths of 4D-REKF

- **Inherits all advantages of “obs-nudging” (E-)RTFDDA**
 - Allows continuous 4D-DA and forecasting cycles and thus provides “spun-up” analyses (ICs) and forecasts
 - Follows the model-obs state synchronization paradigm
 - Works with E-RTFDDA → forms a seamless EDA + EPS (cf. Liu et al. 2010)
- **Realizes EnKF in true 4D space**
 - The analysis increments are nudged into model in 4D
 - 4D-REKF is insensitive to “variance inflation”
 - Can readily incorporate new ideas and advances in EnDA/EnKF (e.g. adaptive covariance localization).
- **A DA scheme letting model “talk” to observation directly**



Summary

- “4D-REKF”: an advanced FDDA technology that combines and leverages the ensemble Kalman Filter data assimilation technology into WRF “observation-nudging” FDDA (RTFDDA).
- A “baseline” 4D-REKF has been developed with WRF-ARW. Two flavors of the 4D-REKF scheme have been formulated and tested (and proven to be superior to RTFDDA).
- Work in progress:
 - Test and evaluate with real-time analysis and forecast cycles
 - Continue to understand and optimize the tunable parameters
 - Develop the advanced aspects of 4D-REKF including radar DA, and cross-variable DA
- The ultimate goal: a seamless WRF ensemble DA and EPS system



Thank you! Questions?

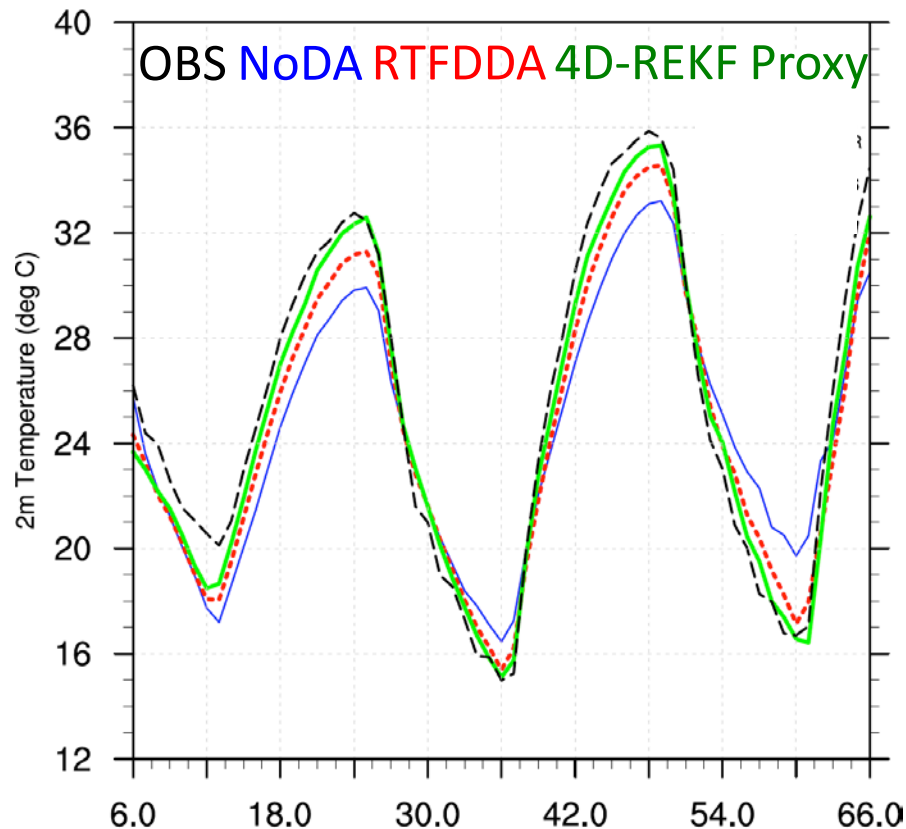


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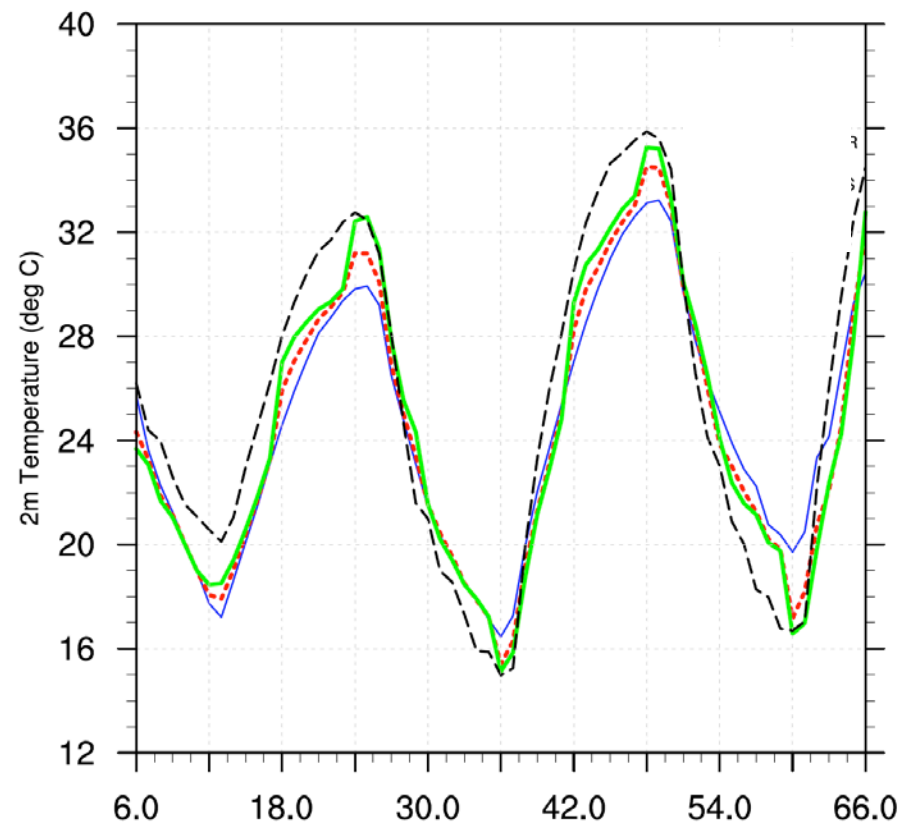
4D-REKF Proxy: DPG Real Case

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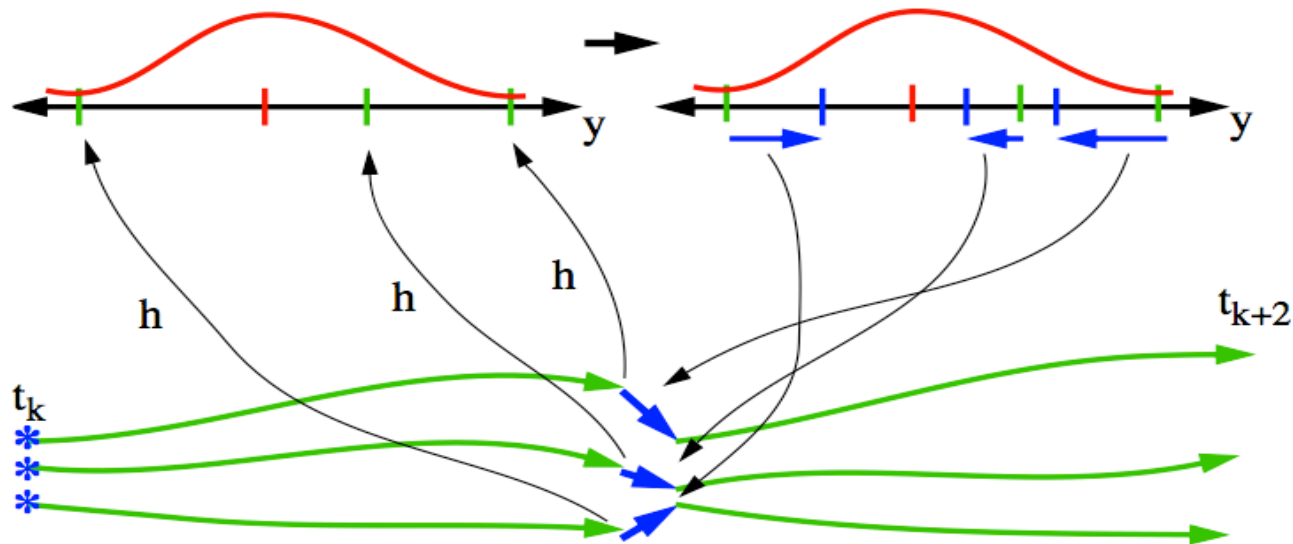


The Strengths of 4D-REKF

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Ensemble Kalman Filter: A Monte Carlo realization of Kalman filter



Anderson: Ensemble Tutorial

14

9/8/06

$$x_i^a = x_i^f + K(y^{obs} - HX) \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$$K_e = P^f H^T (H P^f H^T + O)^{-1} \quad \text{Kalman gain}$$